

CELTA Application Form

Please fill in this	form <i>fully</i> and <i>carefully</i> .	:		Date of A	Application:
I. Personal Family Name:	Details 		First Name	(s):	
Nationality:			Mother ton	gue/1st language: _	
Address:					
Home Phone N	o:	Work N	lo:	Mobile No:	
E-mail(s):			Date of birt	h:	
Present Occupa	ation:				
2. Education	1				
Secondary Educ	ation				
High / Seconda	ry School attended:				
Dates	Qualification(s)		Subjec	ts	Grade(s)
ertiary Education	on (Graduate and Post-gr	raduate)			
Date(s)	Institution(s)		Degree(s) / Diploma(s) etc	Subject	(s)
Professional Qu	alifications				
Date(s)	Institution(s)		Qualification	Subject	(s)

3.	Teacher Training	and Teaching Experience		
а.	Do you have any for	mal training as a teacher or trai	ner? If yes , give details below:	
b.	Do you have any exp	perience of teaching or training	?	
	If yes , please give d	ates, schools, details of levels a	and ages.	
	Dates	Institution	Details	
4.	Other Work Exper	ience		
5.	Is there any other	information which you think	relevant to this application?	
6.	Languages			
	Languages	nother tongue Please comme	nt on your level of proficiency in both	snoken and writter
	anguage:	nother torigue. Flease comme	int on your level of proficiency in both	spoken and white
_				
_				

. Rea	sons for wanting to	do the course
/rite at le	ast 150 words on why	you wish to attend the Cambridge CELTA course at British Council
nd what	you intend to do upon	completion of the course.
		Conditions of Application
Applicant Writing 1 demonst	ts must satisfactorily o Fask and pass a Scr	Ige CELTA course at British Council Jordan is not guaranteed. complete a Language Awareness and Teaching Ideas Task, a Free reening Interview to be accepted. Candidates must be able to English, both spoken and written, is suitable for the demands of the tre is final.
one mont	h. You should be aware	challenging – equivalent to doing a whole undergraduate semester in that the demands of the course may exacerbate any condition that is
By submit	o work least a further 80	accept that in addition to the 120 contact hours during the course, you of hours in your own time over the four weeks in order to produce work of
	making-up days missed	Owing to the practical, experiential nature of the course there is little d. Any exceptions to this are made by the Main Course Tutor on a case-
No refund	s will be given should yo	ou withdraw from the course for any reason.
I have rea	ad and understood the	conditions of application, and agree to abide by them.

Please send the completed application form and application task to:

Jill Davidson

British Council Teaching Centre, Rainbow Street, First Circle, Jabal Amman

Tel: +962 6 4603420 ext 1188 E-mail: CELTA@britishcouncil.org.jo

	_	uage Analysis		D	ate of Applic	ation:	
		complete the tasks as			s you can. You	may refer to a dict	ionary and a grammar.
Нои	/ En	nl English Usage – Micl glish Works – Michael ng Tenses – Rosemary	Swan and Catheri			ss)	
		note: your answers make and keep a copy					ing the interview.
SEC	TIC	N ONE: Language A	wareness				
Tas	k 1:	Focus on Parts of S	peech				
Rea	d th	e following sentences	and categorise the	words into their	correct parts of	speech:	
	Νοι	ıns Verbs	Adjectives	Adverbs	Articles	Conjunctions	Pronouns
c	log						
	a)	Focus on Tenses In each of the followin Example: I'm reading a very good I'm reading a very good he station I realised I'd	od book at the mor	ment. ment Present C	ontinuous		
		been in Amman since		·		.	
3.	As	soon as he got home, I	he rang his parents	3			
4.	Ву	the end of 2006, I'll hav	ve completed my re	esearch.			
5.	Joh	n's been working very	long hours at work	ζ			
6.	I th	ink I'll go to India next r	month.				
	b)	Now choose one of the Example: am reading - Present Simple Present tens Negatives: am not, is Questions: Am, Is, A	t Continuous se of the verb 'to be sn't, aren't + base f	e' (am, is are) + b orm of verb+ing	ase form of verb	o+ing	

Task 3: Meaning

a) Grammar

What would you say to a student who asked you to explain the difference in meaning between these pairs of sentences? You need to explain this in detail.

1.	a) I used to live there. b) I'm used to living there.	-	
		-	
2.	 a) If he asks me I'll say yes. b) If he asked me I'd say yes. c) If he'd asked me I would have said yes. 	-	
		- - -	
3.	a) I don't feel like going to the movies. b) I don't like going to the movies.	-	
	d) Vocabulary	-	
Th sh	e following pairs of words often cause confusion among students. Give an example sentence buld make the meaning of the items clear.	for each item.	The context
1.	hinder/prevent		
	High interest rates will hinder economic growth. (X hinders Y)		
	The police prevented the demonstrators from approaching the entrance to the embassy.		
	(X prevents Y from doing something)		
2.	control/check	-	
3.	overweight/fat	-	

Task 4: Spot the Error, Correct and Explain

Read	the	fol	low	ina	Ser	nter	Ces
Neau	uic	ıvı	10 44	II IG	301	ILCI	1003

- Spot the errors they can be errors of grammar or vocabulary.
- ii) Correct the sentence
- How would you explain the nature of the error to the student? iii)

Example

- How much people does he know?

 a) How many people does he know?

 b) 'much' is used with uncountable nouns such as water, sugar etc. 'many' is used with countable nouns such as pencils, children etc.

1.	l wa	as very upset when the other car hardly missed me.	
	a)		
	b)		
2.	Не	was wounded in a car accident.	
	a)		
	,		
	D)		
3.	He	bought a Swedish designer blue big sofa.	
	a)		
	b)		
4.	Hik	e to invite you to my birthday party.	
	a)		
	b)		
5.	The	cricket ball pierced the window.	
	a)		
	b)		
Tas	k 5:	Register and Appropriacy	
Loc	k at	the conversation between friends. Rewrite it as though it were 2 people who don't know	each other.
		Farhana: Hey Samia.	
		Samia: What?	
		Farhana: Turn that TV down, would you? I'm trying to work.	
		Samia: Ok, ok, how was I supposed to know?	
		Farhana: Thanks.	
		Samia: Any time.	

B:					_	
A:					_	
B:					_	
A:					_	
B:						
	on pronunciation					
6.1 Think of a pe	erson that vou kn	now who does not speak	c English as their first lar	nguage. What dif	fficulties does he/she	have
6.2 List the num	nber of syllables a	and mark the stressed	syllable in the following	words:		
6.2 List the num <i>Example:</i>			syllable in the following	words:		
			syllable in the following of the followi	words:		
Example:		ables		words:		
Example: 1. photograph 2. politics	pho to - 2 sylla	photographer political				
Example: 1. photograph 2. politics	pho to - 2 sylla	photographer political	photographic politician			
Example: 1. photograph 2. politics 6.3 In the following	pho to - 2 sylla	photographer political versation, decide which ou come from?	photographic politician			
Example: 1. photograph 2. politics 6.3 In the following Example:	photo - 2 sylla ing two-line conv A: Where do yo B: I come from	photographer political versation, decide which vou come from? n Wellington.	photographic politician			
Example: 1. photograph 2. politics 6.3 In the following	photo - 2 syllating two-line converse do your B: I come from	photographer political versation, decide which vou come from? n Wellington.	photographic politician			
Example: 1. photograph 2. politics 6.3 In the following Example:	ing two-line converse to the second of the s	photographer political versation, decide which vou come from? n Wellington.	photographic politician			
Example: 1. photograph 2. politics 6.3 In the following Example: 1.	ing two-line converse to the second of the s	photographer political versation, decide which vou come from? n Wellington. ne from Wellington? n Wellington. do you want to buy?	photographic politician			
Example: 1. photograph 2. politics 6.3 In the following Example: 1.	ing two-line converse to the converse two-line c	photographer political versation, decide which vou come from? n Wellington. ne from Wellington? n Wellington. do you want to buy?	photographic politician word in B's reply is stre s			
Example: 1. photograph 2. politics 6.3 In the following Example: 1.	ing two-line converse to the converse two-line c	photographer political versation, decide which wou come from? n Wellington. ne from Wellington? n Wellington. do you want to buy? green one.	photographic politician word in B's reply is stre s			
Example: 1. photograph 2. politics 6.3 In the following Example: 1.	photo - 2 syllating two-line converse two-line c	photographer political versation, decide which wo come from? n Wellington. ne from Wellington? n Wellington. do you want to buy? vereen one. nt to buy the green one? o rent it.	photographic politician word in B's reply is stre s			
Example: 1. photograph 2. politics 6.3 In the following example: 1. 2.	ing two-line converse to the c	photographer political versation, decide which wou come from? n Wellington. ne from Wellington? n Wellington. do you want to buy? vereen one. not to buy the green one? o rent it.	photographic politician word in B's reply is stre s			

You want your gro the Post Office). ' would need. Ho language? Be pro	What would you w would you te	, the teacher, ach them the	do to help th new languag	em? Think a je? How wo	bout the vocal	oulary and struct	ures the students
	the following qu	estions.					
			a group of ac	lult learners?	Think of at lea	st 4 ways.	
Read and answer			a group of ac	lult learners?	Think of at lea	st 4 ways.	
Read and answer			a group of ac	lult learners?	Think of at lea	st 4 ways.	
Read and answer			a group of ac	lult learners?	Think of at lea	st 4 ways.	
Read and answer			a group of ac	lult learners?	Think of at lea	st 4 ways.	
Read and answer			a group of ac	lult learners?	Think of at lea	st 4 ways.	
Read and answer			a group of ac	lult learners?	Think of at lea	st 4 ways.	
Task 2: Read and answer How would you e			a group of ac	lult learners?	Think of at lea	st 4 ways.	
Read and answer			a group of ac	lult learners?	Think of at lea	st 4 ways.	

SECTION TWO: TEACHING